Prevention and Care Collaboration-Continuum of Care

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We are making progress – finally!


Overall and by Transmission Route

Estimated annual HIV infections in the U.S. declined **18%** from 2008-2014

- **56%** decline among people who inject drugs
- **36%** decline among heterosexuals
- **26%** decline among gay and bisexual men aged 35-44 years
- **18%** decline among gay and bisexual men aged 13-24 years
Yet, disparities persist
We have evidence-based tools

Behavioral

Structural

Biomedical
We have authoritative guidance
We have evolving and promising models of care
How do we help *everyone* achieve their
Integrated Care: Two Continuum Models
TAG/amfAR Proposed Integrated HIV Prevention Continuum

New York City’s HIV Status Neutral Prevention and Treatment Cycle

All New Yorkers

At risk of HIV exposure

HIV Test

Newly diagnosed with HIV

Use condoms to prevent STDs and further reduce HIV risk.

Diagnosed with HIV

Risk assessed by provider

HIV/STI Testing

Aware of PrEP

Discussed PrEP with prescriber

Prevention Engagement

On PrEP

On ART

On ART with sustained VLS

Negligible risk of acquiring HIV

Negligible risk of transmitting HIV

Viral load suppression achieved

Retention in HIV care

Quality Care

 NYC Health
Discussion

• What are the successes and challenges specific to addressing the HIV epidemic in New Jersey?

• How can we amplify our successes and mitigate our challenges?

• What are the unifying factors that can engage both high risk HIV-negative and HIV-positive individuals in a integrated continuum of care?